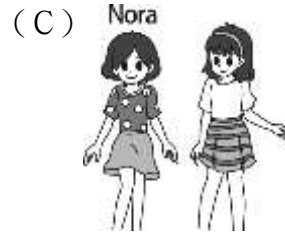
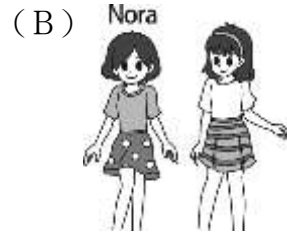
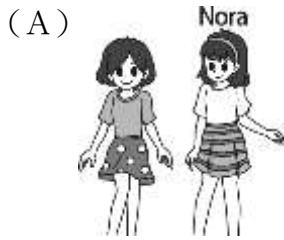


(請將答案畫於答案卡上)

一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述。(每題 1 分，共 10 分)

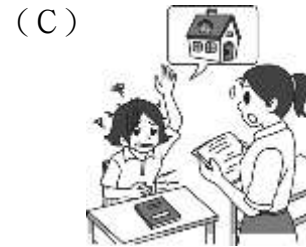
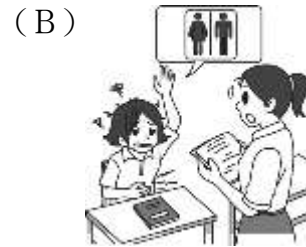
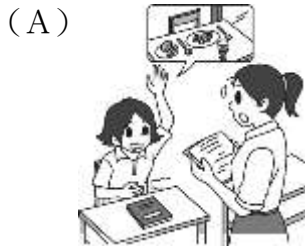
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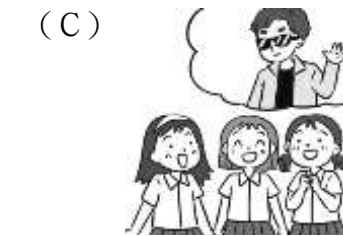
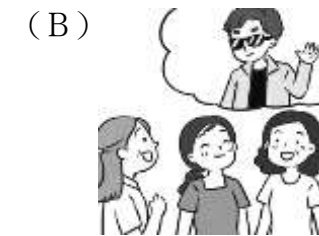
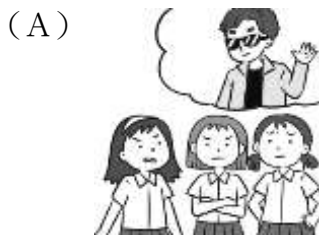
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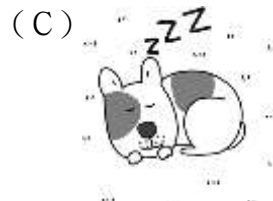
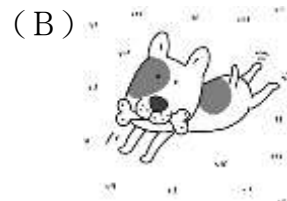
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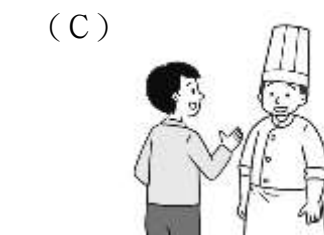
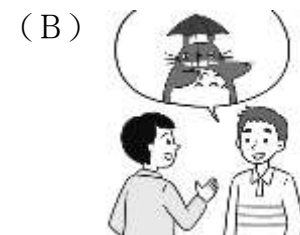
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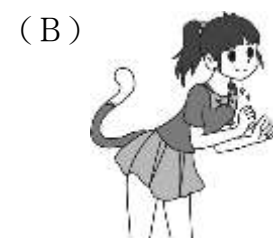
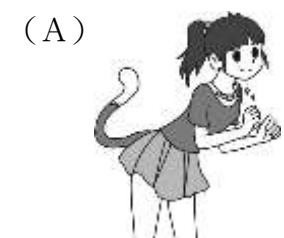
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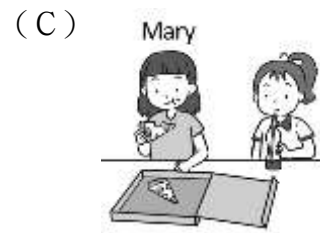
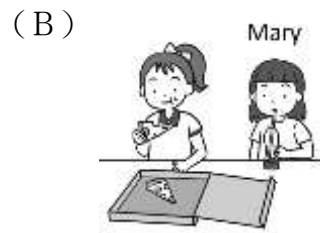
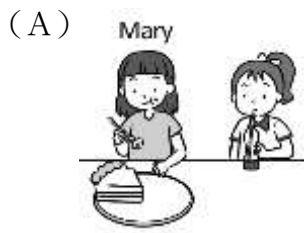
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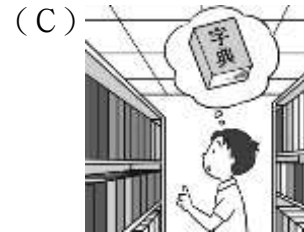
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9.



10.



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，  
選出一個最適合的回應或最適合的問句。  
(每題 1 分，共 10 分)

11. (A) Is she the one who wears the red dress?  
(B) Maybe we can watch the movie together next time.  
(C) It has been ten years since I learned how to dance.
12. (A) She is telling a white lie.  
(B) She is playing in the mud.  
(C) She is lying on the grass beside a big tree.
13. (A) It belongs to my sister.  
(B) It is an expensive cellphone.  
(C) It should be on the sofa instead.
14. (A) No, it was a piece of cake for me.  
(B) Yes, I could answer the phone for you.  
(C) No. My mind just went blank because I was so nervous.
15. (A) Yes, they used to be lovers.  
(B) Wow... Isn't she a famous actress?  
(C) No, they have been together for a long time.
16. (A) He lives in an apartment across from the street.  
(B) Because he is so handsome and polite.  
(C) Maybe we can talk about it again later.
17. (A) It was too hot to wear.  
(B) I like it very much.  
(C) I feel like buying a new T-shirt.
18. (A) I can meet you on the third floor.  
(B) Let's look it up in the dictionary.  
(C) That's not surprising. He lives nearby.
19. (A) I think he likes coffee a lot.  
(B) No way! He is working in Canada now.  
(C) He has been teaching in an elementary school.
20. (A) Yes, I like the jacket very much.  
(B) No, he doesn't like the topic.  
(C) Yes, he is also my best friend, Jason.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的內容，  
選出一個最適合的答案。  
(每題 1 分，共 10 分)

21. (A) Taiwan.  
(B) China.  
(C) Japan.
22. (A) It was wonderful.  
(B) It was terrible.  
(C) It was worthless.
23. (A) Judy's cellphone was stolen yesterday.  
(B) The cellphone on the motorcycle is Judy's.  
(C) Judy didn't bring the cellphone to school today.
24. (A) Chinese.  
(B) History.  
(C) Science.
25. (A) Monday.  
(B) Tuesday.  
(C) Wednesday.
26. (A) Emily is wearing a blue dress.  
(B) Emily is a forty-year-old woman.  
(C) Emily is the man's aunt.
27. (A) In a bakery.  
(B) In an apartment.  
(C) At a restaurant.
28. (A) The woman enjoys everything in France.  
(B) The woman doesn't enjoy the taste of the food.  
(C) It takes the woman too much time to have a meal with her friend there.
29. (A) They were in the library.  
(B) They were in the haunted house.  
(C) They were at home.
30. (A) She is still a student now.  
(B) She was talking to the woman at the party.  
(C) She is the man's cousin.

★ 請用 2B 鉛筆，將 1~ 43 題的答案畫在答案卡上 ★

一、單題：16% (每題 1 分)

1. Kerry's favorite character is the one who comes from another world. He's also the one with no hair or ears.

Which one is his favorite?

(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)



2. The girl with a \_\_\_\_\_ of flowers around her neck draws water from the river every day.

(A) dot

(B) tail

(C) side

(D) string

3. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is someone who dresses up as a character from a movie or a comic book as a hobby.

(A) actor

(B) writer

(C) cosplayer

(D) neighbor

4. The singer on the stage looks like the foreigners \_\_\_\_\_ at the party yesterday.

(A) I met him

(B) I met

(C) met me

(D) who met

5. A comic con is a meeting of people \_\_\_\_\_.

(A) who wear costumes

(B) who dress up as their favorite characters

(C) who have a great interest in comic books

(D) who are famous writers or actors to meet their fans

6. The man and the dog \_\_\_\_\_ are sitting over there take a walk in the park every day.

(A) which

(B) who

(C) that

(D) X

7. Cody, everyone made one \_\_\_\_\_ you. How come you only did an OK sign?

(A) except

(B) expect

(C) beside

(D) besides

8. Although Shinkai didn't go to an art school, he has a good \_\_\_\_\_ of using light in his drawings.

(A) prize

(B) hobby

(C) attention

(D) knowledge

9. The businessmen who just walked out of the room \_\_\_\_\_ from France.

(A) come

(B) comes

(C) was coming

(D) have come

10. Jared: Is this rose pin yours?


Anna: No. It \_\_\_\_\_ to my grandma.

(A) leads

(B) belongs

(C) appears

(D) used

11. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ wearing a school uniform is James. He is only 15, but his classmates call him "Grandpa." 

(A) in

(B) with

(C) is

(D) who is

12. There are clouds of black \_\_\_\_\_ coming from the forest. Is anything burning there?

(A) mud

(B) smoke

(C) heat

(D) fairies

13. This movie is about a love story \_\_\_\_\_ happened in Kenting in 2008.

(A) what

(B) that

(C) who

(D) it

14. Oliver: Let's have dinner at the new restaurant tonight.

Amy: Sorry, Oliver. \_\_\_\_\_ How about tomorrow?

(A) No worries.

(B) Glad to meet you.

(C) I have bigger fish to fry.



(D) My mind just went blank.

15.

Gary: What do you think about the movie?

Jimmy: The main character is great, but I can't make the heads or tails of the story. In the beginning, the family had a big fight. However, all the chaos turned out to be her own imagination. What on earth does the movie want to tell us?

What does Jimmy mean when he says "I can't make heads or tails of the story"?

 chaos 混亂  imagination 想像

背面有題

- (A) He doesn't like the movie at all.  
 (C) He doesn't know when the movie starts or ends.

- (B) He can't tell if the movie is worthless or not.  
 (D) He can't understand what the movie is about.

16. Here is a short poem -*Bubble Trouble*

There once lived a sheep in the bubble,  
 Who wanted to stay out of trouble.  
 When she tried to hop,  
 Her bubble went pop!  
 And all her troubles became \_\_\_\_\_!



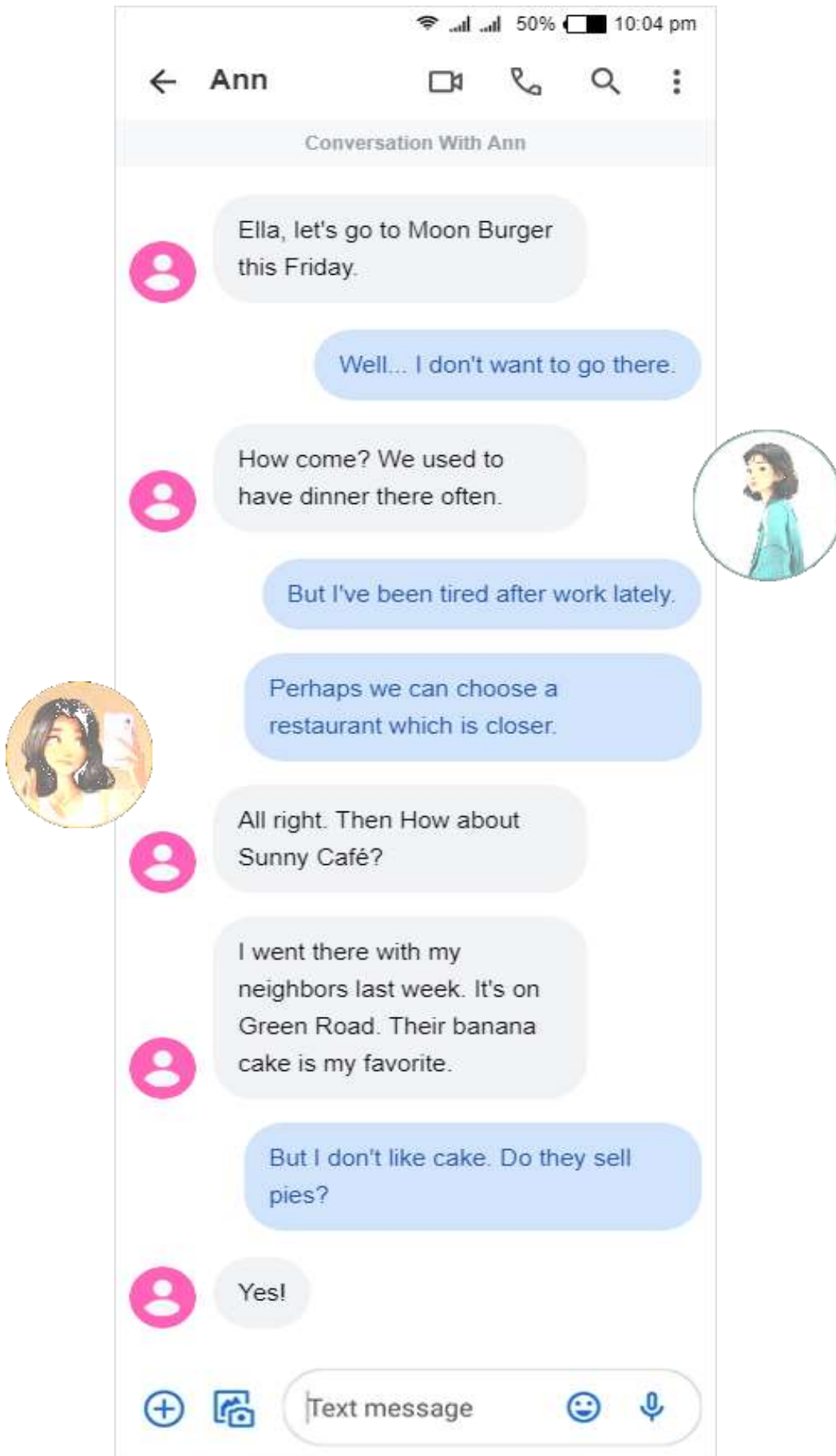
To rhyme the poem, which word will be the best choice?

- (A) joke      (B) top      (C) round      (D) double

poem 詩    rhyme 押韻

二、題組：54% (每題 2 分)

(17-18 題)



請接第三頁繼續作答

17. Why doesn't Ella want to go to Moon Burger this Friday?

- (A) Moon Burger is too far. (B) She has lots of things to do that day.  
(C) The food there is not good enough. (D) She is tired of going to the same restaurant.

18. Which is true?

- (A) Ann likes pies better than banana cake.  
(B) The banana cake is the food that Ella likes the most at Sunny Café.  
(C) The restaurant that Ann and Ella talked about first is on Green Road.  
(D) The people Ann went to Sunny Café with last week live near her place.

(19-20)

In Japan, people go to temples to pray to gods and make New Year wishes. They have a special way of doing so – throw some coins into the money box, ring the temple bell, bow twice, clap twice, and bow again.

📖 coin 硬幣 ring 敲(鐘) bow 鞠躬 clap 拍手



19. What is the meaning of doing so?

- (A) Going to temples. (B) Celebrating New Year. (C) Praying to gods. (D) Throwing some coins.

20. What do people need to do if they want to make New Year wishes in Japan?


- (A) Preparing a money box first. (B) Making the temple bell ring.  
(C) Bowing and clapping twice. (D) Throwing some coins at last.



(21-25)

Once upon a time, there lived two rats. One rat lived in the bush. The other rat lived in a house. One day, the rat that lived in the house said to the rat that lived in the bush, "You eat badly, sleep badly, and it rains on you." "But us, we live in a cook's house. We eat many different kinds of food. We live comfortably. One day come and visit me and see," said the house rat. "I will come this very night," said the bush rat. "I'm ready like a straw for taking soda."

At the same time, the owner of the house was mad. He said, "These rats that eat my food, they will see!" This time, he set a trap with sugar.

The rats came in to eat the goodies in the house. They came laughing, "Chu... chu... chi... chi." When they reach the trap, the house rat said, "Let me taste this sugar. You see the goodies we eat here." But before the rat could take the sugar, the trap snapped. "PA!" The trap caught the rat's head, and his eyes bulged like eggplants. 

The bush rat just looked and couldn't move a little. He then said, "E... hee!" My friend, which goodies did you eat that made your eyes bugle?" But the house rat could not answer. The bush rat left the house, saying, "Ha! I will not take the goodies you said." "Your worst home is better than your neighbor's best home."

📖 bush 草叢 trap 陷阱 goodies 好東西 snap 斷裂

21. What did the bush rat mean when he said, "I'm ready like a straw for taking soda?"

- (A) He was prepared to drink the soda in the house.  
(B) He was prepared to visit the house the house rat lives.  
(C) He was prepared to visit the house rat and play games with him.  
(D) He was prepared to collect straws together with the house rat to have soda.

22. How did the bush rat feel when he said, "E... hee! Which goodies did you eat that made your eyes bulge?"

- (A) Surprised. (B) Excited. (C) Bored. (D) Sad.

23. Why did the bush rat decide to leave without taking any goodies in the end?

- (A) He didn't find any goodies in the house. (B) He didn't want to end up like the house rat.  
(C) He wasn't allowed to take the goodies away. (D) He didn't want to share the goodies with the house rat.

24. Which of the following best describe the house rat?

- (A) He's very polite to others. (B) He's usually respected by others.  
(C) He's very angry with himself. (D) He's too proud of himself.

背面有題



25. What is the moral of this story?

- (A) Be happy with what you have. (B) Be understanding of others.  
(C) Be careful with the rats in the house. (D) Be wise when making new friends.

(26-28)

Yesterday, I watched *Jurassic Park*, a popular movie in 1993, again. It is about a park full of different kinds of dinosaurs on an island. Where were those dinosaurs from? Some crazy men created them with the "cloning technology." Cloning animals did happen in real life. A frog was successfully cloned in 1952, and over 20 kinds of animals have been cloned since then. Dolly, the sheep was the most famous one of them. Dolly was born in 1996, and she gave birth to six lambs in total. Sadly, she lived only 6.5 years although a sheep can usually live around 11-12 years. She began to get sick very often because she has been taking a lot of medicine. Finally, she died in 2003. Cloning didn't appear to be very successful. However, Dolly still gave scientists hope to clone animals from the far past, like dinosaurs, or mammoths, a kind of large elephant. Some scientists even try to clone humans. Are they crazy? They are trying to break the rules of nature, which may bring a lot of problems we have never thought of. Have they forgotten the fact Dolly showed us that cloned animals have shorter lives? Are we happy when we live on a planet which is full of clones? Besides, how terrible and scared we can be when dinosaurs run after us like those in *Jurassic Park*!

📖 dinosaur 恐龍 clone 複製 technology 技術 lamb 羔羊 human 人類

26. What do we know about "clones" from the reading?

- (A) We can see real dinosaurs in an island park. (B) Dolly was the first cloned animal in the world.  
(C) Cloned animals are weaker than any other one. (D) Scientists try to help iced land by cloning sheep.

27. Which one is the picture of a mammoth?

(A)



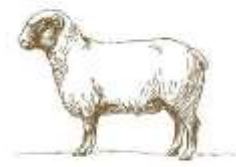
(B)



(C)



(D)



28. Below is some information from another piece of news.

Cloning is not new science at all. Cloning is one of the natural ways that have allowed life to spread for hundreds of millions of years. Humans have made use of the cloning technology to bring in more plants or fruits for food for more than 2,000 years. Besides, cloning animals, like pigs, chickens, ducks, and so on, can let us have more and cheaper meat. Those animals do not need to live long. So why not? Hating cloning is wrong. There are still lots of good things about cloning.

Is the idea in the reading the same as this piece of information?

- (A) Yes, because the writer says Dolly still gave scientists hope to clone other animals.  
(B) Yes, because the writer says a frog was cloned successfully in 1952 in real life.  
(C) No, because the writer says we won't be happy to live on a planet full of clones.  
(D) No, because the writer says more than 20 kinds of animals have been cloned successfully.

(29-31)

#### Blindly Looking for an Answer

Sandy's teacher gave a lesson on Braille today in English class. She talked about its history and how it worked. Sandy was very interested in the topic, so she decided to find more information about it online. Here's what she found.

Search

How does Braille work?

請接第五頁繼續作答

www.wbo.org

### Braille Facts – What is Braille? | World Braille Organization

Braille is a reading and writing system that is used by blind people. On this page, you can read about what Braille is, how it’s used, the history of Braille, and how it’s written.

www.centerstage.com

### Braille (2020) | Center Stage

Are you a theater fan? Then, the newest show is a must for you. Braille was written by Andrea Freud Webber, and it has won several top prizes already...Not a member yet? Join today.

www.dictionary.knowitall.org

### Braille | meaning in the Know-It-All Dictionary

Find the meaning of Braille in English, Chinese, and more. Braille is a system of writing for the blind with raised parts that they can read by touching with their fingers. See more. Use Braille in a sentence.

www.our-history.org

### Louis Braille – the Father of the Writing System | Our History

In 1824, at the age of fifteen, Louis Braille, a French man who lost his sight in his early life, created the famous writing system for the blind. And the world now calls the system by his name.

organization 組織 system 系統 raised 凸起的 sight 視力

29. What does “it” mean in line 4?  
 (A) Braille. (B) History. (C) The lesson. (D) The English class.
30. Which is true about Braille, the reading and writing system?  
 (A) It has a hundred years of history. (B) It was written by Andrea Freud Webber  
 (C) People read Braille by feeling the raised parts. (D) The name Braille came from a town in France.
31. Sandy is reading this on a web page:

#### How to use Braille writer

One of the common ways to write in Braille is to use a Braille writer. The special machine can make dots on a piece of paper. However, before we get into how to use the machine, we have to talk about how English Braille characters work first. See the picture on the right

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i
●○	●○	●●	●●	●○	●●	●●	●○	●○
○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●
○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○
j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r
○●	●○	●○	●●	●●	●○	●●	●●	●○
●●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●
○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○
s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	
○●	○●	●○	●○	○●	●●	●●	●○	
●●	●●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	○●	
○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	○○	

背面有題

Which web page is it most likely from?

- (A) Our History. (B) Center Stage.  
 (C) Know-It-All Dictionary. (D) World Braille Organization

character 字母 most likely 最有可能

(32-34)

Maki Kaji, a Japanese man who was known as the “Father of Sudoku,” died at the age of 69. Mr. Kaji was a puzzle lover who helped turn Sudoku from a simple number challenge into a game played around the world.

Mr. Kaji was born in 1951 in Sapporo, Japan. He started Japan’s first puzzle magazine, Nikoli, with help from two of his friends in 1980. Over the years, Nikoli has become very popular. There are many puzzles for people all over the world in the magazine. But Sudoku is probably the puzzle that most people think of when they remember Mr. Kaji.

Sudoku is a number puzzle with nine rows and nine columns. Each row and column must have all of the numbers 1 through 9. The same rule goes for each of the smaller 9-square boxes that make up the larger puzzle. The puzzle has appeared since 1979 in puzzle books under the name Number Place, and Mr. Kaji found it five years later. He loved the game, but he didn’t like its name. He then gave it a new name -- Sudoku, which means “single numbers” in Japanese. It was this magazine that would plant the seeds for Sudoku to spread widely around the world in later years.

By 2004, Sudoku became one of the most-played puzzles in the world. Now millions of people play Sudoku every day. Nikoli says that about 200 million people from about 100 countries have played the puzzle. Sudoku isn’t just popular – it’s also a huge money-maker, bringing in millions and millions of dollars. But Mr. Kaji never made much from the puzzle. That didn’t trouble him, for he published the puzzle for fun, not money. Mr. Kaji believed the secret to making a great puzzle was

to keep the rules simple so that anyone could play. He said finding a new puzzle was exciting enough for him.

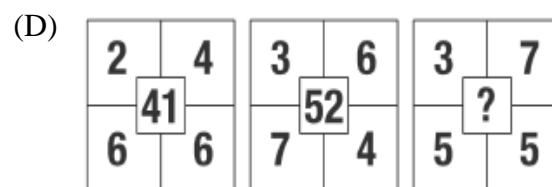
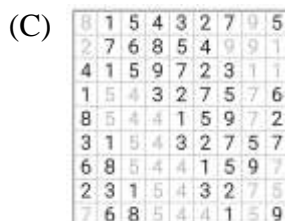
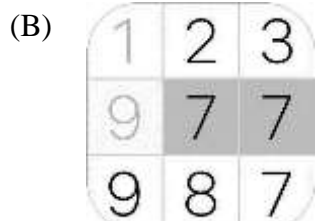
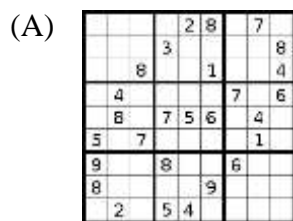
It's that kind of spirit that has left many people in the puzzle world so sad to hear that Mr. Kaji has died. Puzzle fans around the world have thanked Mr. Kaji for his work, and thought of him as a true lover of puzzles.

📖 puzzle 謎題    challenge 挑戰    magazine 雜誌    column 欄    spirit 精神

32. What is the best title for this reading?

- (A) Puzzle World    (B) the 'Father of Sudoku'    (C) A World Famous Game    (D) A Popular Japanese Magazine

33. Which might be 'Sudoku'?



34. Which of the following is **NOT** true about Sudoku?

- (A) It used to be called "Number Place."  
 (B) Mr. Kaji fell in love with the game at age 33.  
 (C) It brought Mr. Kaji not only pleasure but also millions of dollars.  
 (D) Mr. Kaji is the one who gave it the name "Sudoku" and made it popular.



(35-39)

Once upon a time, there were a king and a queen. They used to 35. in the forest once a week. However, something terrible happened. The queen went 36. at age 30, and after that, she didn't walk out of the castle anymore. She cried every day. The king did everything but still failed to make his wife happy.

One day, the castle had a 37. A doctor came and said to the king that perhaps he knew how to make the queen happy. 38., and he asked her to close her eyes and wait. The queen then heard the birds singing and felt the wind blowing gently on her face. The forest was full of life. 39. the queen's surprise, she could feel the beauty of nature again although she couldn't see. The queen's smile was back, and the king was thankful to the doctor.

📖 queen 皇后    gently 輕柔地    beauty 美

35. (A) hiking    (B) hikes    (C) hiked    (D) hike  
 36. (A) blank    (B) blind    (C) lazy    (D) polite  
 37. (A) visitor    (B) foreigner    (C) businessman    (D) neighbor  
 38. (A) He told a joke to the queen    (B) He brought the queen a lot of flowers and jewels  
 (C) He broke the spell for the queen    (D) He took the queen to the forest which she hiked in the most often.  
 39. (A) In    (B) To    (C) For    (D) With

(40-43)

Florence Nightingale was born on May 12 in 1820 and died at age 90. She came from a very rich family and had a very good education. She enjoyed helping people when she was little. In 1851, she went abroad to take care of poor people for three months. After that, she decided to become a nurse. Her parents were unhappy about it because at that time, only people who 40. would choose to be a nurse.

In 1853, the Crimean War broke out, and Nightingale was the first woman 41. help in the war. When she 42. the hospital, she found out how terrible the hospital was. Many soldiers died not because of the war but because of the poor condition of the hospital. By improving the environment of the hospital, Nightingale 43. She wrote many books to spread medical knowledge. She really did her best to change the medical world.

📖 society 社會    Crimean 克里米亞(半島)    break out 爆發    condition 條件    medical 醫學的

40. (A) loved to help people    (B) grew up in a rich family  
 (C) had a very good education    (D) lived at the bottom of the society  
 41. (A) to be sent to    (B) that is sent to    (C) that would be sent to    (D) who has been sent to  
 42. (A) got    (B) arrived    (C) reached    (D) appeared  
 43. (A) helped to end the terrible war    (B) finally made her dream come true  
 (C) made the hospital a better place for the soldiers    (D) taught the soldiers how to take care of themselves

